

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

## 580 Renia - Rehagol - Primer for TR

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#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

580 Renia - Rehagol - Primer for TR

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Use of the substance/mixture

Primers, Coatings and paints, fillers, putties, thinners

Reserved for industrial and professional use.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Renia Gesellschaft mbH. Chemische Fabrik

D

Street: Ostmerheimer Straße 516
Place: D-51109 Köln (Cologne)

Post-office box: 910659

D-51076 Köln (Cologne)

Telephone: +49-221-630799-0 Telefax: +49-221-630799-50

e-mail: info@renia.com

Contact person: Heinz Buchholz Dipl.Chem Telephone: 16

e-mail: labor@renia.com www.renia.com

Responsible Department: Labor 07:30 - 16:00 Uhr

1.4. Emergency telephone +49-221-630799-0

number:

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Hazard categories:

Flammable liquid: Flam. Liq. 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Eye Irrit. 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: STOT SE 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Chronic 3

Hazard Statements:

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

# 2.2. Label elements

## Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

## Hazard components for labelling

ethyl acetate

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:





### **Hazard statements**

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



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H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish.
P501 Dispose of contents/container to ....

### Special labelling of certain mixtures

EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Additional advice on labelling

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

#### 2.3. Other hazards

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Development of chlorine-containing and corrosive vapors.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2. Mixtures

## **Chemical characterization**

Chlorine containing composite in an organic solvent.

## Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name				
	EC No	Index No	REA	CH No	
	Classification according to Regu	lation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	-		
141-78-6	ethyl acetate				
	205-500-4	607-022-00-5	01-2	119475103-46	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225 H319 H336 EUH066				
87-90-1	symclosene, trichloro-1,3,5-triazinetrion, trichloroisocyanuric acid				1 - < 5 %
	201-782-8	613-031-00-5			
	Ox. Sol. 2, Acute Tox. 4, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1; H272 H302 H319 H335 H400 H410 EUH031				

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

# General information

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.

#### After inhalation

Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. No mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use Ambu bag or ventilator.

Medical treatment necessary.



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#### After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Grease skin after contact In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

#### After contact with eyes

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

#### After ingestion

If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic reactions.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Position and transport victim on their side. In case of respiratory distress, bring into semi-upright, seated position. Where appropriate artificial ventilation. Subsequent observance for pneumonia and lung oedema.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol resistant foam. Extinguishing powder, ABC powder. Atomized water.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet. High power water jet.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In case of fire may be liberated: Hydrogen chloride (HCI).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **Additional information**

Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet. Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Remove product from area of fire. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Use personal protection equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. Do not breathe gas/vapour/aerosol. The vapour of the product is heavier than air and may accumulate below ground level, in pits, channels and basements in higher concentration.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Cover drains.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling



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### Advice on safe handling

This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe).

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation should be used if possible. If local exhaust ventilation is not possible or not sufficient, the entire working area should be ventilated by technical means.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Vapours / aerosols must be extracted by suction immediately at point of origin. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Recommended storage temperature: 15-30 °C Ensure adequate ventilation of the storage area.

## Advice on storage compatibility

Do not store together with: Oxidising agent, Pyrophoric or self-heating substances. Store packaging and combustible materials separately from one another. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## Further information on storage conditions

Floors should be impervious, resistant to liquids and easy to clean.

Store small packages in a suitable, robust cabinet.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Coatings and paints, fillers, putties, thinners

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

### **Exposure limits (EH40)**

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	200	-		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		400	-		STEL (15 min)	WEL

## **DNEL/DMEL values**

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type	DNEL type		Effect	Value
141-78-6	ethyl acetate			
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	systemic	1468 mg/m³
Worker DNEL,	acute	inhalation	local	1468 mg/m³
Worker DNEL,	long-term	dermal	systemic	63 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	local	734 mg/m³
Consumer DNE	Consumer DNEL, acute		systemic	734 mg/m³
Consumer DNE	EL, long-term	inhalation	local	734 mg/m³
Consumer DNE	Consumer DNEL, long-term		systemic	37 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	367 mg/m³
Consumer DNE	Consumer DNEL, long-term		systemic	4,5 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNE	Consumer DNEL, acute		local	367 mg/m³



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#### **PNEC** values

CAS No	Substance		
Environmental	Environmental compartment		
141-78-6 ethyl acetate			
Freshwater 0,26 mg/l			
Marine water		0,026 mg/l	
Freshwater sediment (		0,34 mg/kg	
Marine sediment (		0,034 mg/kg	
Soil		0,22 mg/kg	

### 8.2. Exposure controls













#### Appropriate engineering controls

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

#### Protective and hygiene measures

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sneeze at the workplace. Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. Before starting work, apply solvent-resistant skincare preparations.

## Eye/face protection

Tightly sealed safety glasses.

## **Hand protection**

Test suitability of gloves before use.

Suitable material: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

Thickness of the glove material: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time (maximum wearing time): >= 1 h

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

### Skin protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective clothing with CE-labels including the four control digits must be worn.

Wear anti-static footwear and clothing

## **Respiratory protection**

Respiratory protection necessary at: insufficient ventilation. With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required. If technical exhaust or ventilation measures are not possible or insufficient, respiratory protection must be worn. Combination filtering device (EN 14387) Use the following filter types for cleaning waste gases: A-P2

## **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: liquid
Colour: colourless
Odour: ester

Test method



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pH-Value: not applicable

Changes in the physical state

Melting point: -35 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 77 °C DIN 53 171

Sublimation point: not determined
Softening point: not determined
Pour point: not determined

Flash point: -4 °C DIN 51 755

Sustaining combustion: No data available

**Flammability** 

Solid: not applicable
Gas: not applicable

**Explosive properties** 

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Lower explosion limits: 2,1 vol. % Upper explosion limits: 11,5 vol. %

Ignition temperature: DIN 51794

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Solid: not applicable
Gas: not applicable

Decomposition temperature: not determined

Oxidizing properties

Not oxidising.

Vapour pressure: 97 hPa DIN EN 12

(at 20 °C)

Vapour pressure: not determined

Density (at 20 °C): 0,9 g/cm³ DIN 51 757

Bulk density: not applicable

Water solubility: partially miscible Decomposes in contact with water.

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Partition coefficient: not determined

Viscosity / dynamic:  $0,35 \text{ mPa} \cdot \text{s}$  DIN 51550

(at 20 °C)

Viscosity / kinematic:

Flow time:

< 30 (3 mm)

Vapour density:

not determined

Evaporation rate:

not determined

solvent separation test:

< 0,1 %

Solvent content:

98 %

9.2. Other information

Solid content: 2 %

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**



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### 10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The study does not need to be conducted because the substance is known to be stable at room temperature for prolonged periods of time (days).

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Gas/vapour, highly flammable. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: > 150 °C

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Acid, concentrated., Oxidizing agents, strong.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition can lead to the escape of irritating gases and vapours.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Inhalation of vapours in high concentration can cause narcotic effects and metabolic acidosis.

CAS No	Chemical name							
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method		
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	ethyl acetate						
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	5600	Rat				
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	18000	Rabbit				
	inhalative (4 h) vapour	LC50	58 mg/l	Rat				
87-90-1	symclosene, trichloro-1,3	3,5-triazinet	rion, trichloro	isocyanuric acid				
	oral	ATE mg/kg	500					

## Irritation and corrosivity

Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Frequently or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermal irritation.

## Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

### Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

# STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (ethyl acetate)

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.



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### STOT-repeated exposure

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Inhalation causes narcotic effects/intoxication.

## **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

## Specific effects in experiment on an animal

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

#### Additional information on tests

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Product is easily volatile. Product is slightly soluble in test vehicle. An aqueous dispersion has been testet.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h]   [d]	Species	Source	Method
141-78-6	ethyl acetate						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	230 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas		
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	3300		Scenedesmus subspicatus		
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	717 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna		

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself. Product is biodegradable with difficulty.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

## Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	0,6

# BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	30		

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Further information**

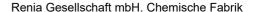
The statement is derived form the properties of the components.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

# Advice on disposal

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.





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### Waste disposal number of waste from residues/unused products

070703 WASTES FROM ORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES; wastes from the MFSU of fine chemicals

and chemical products not otherwise specified; organic halogenated solvents, washing liquids and

mother liquors; hazardous waste

### Waste disposal number of used product

070703 WASTES FROM ORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES; wastes from the MFSU of fine chemicals

and chemical products not otherwise specified; organic halogenated solvents, washing liquids and

mother liquors; hazardous waste

## Waste disposal number of contaminated packaging

150107 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately

collected municipal packaging waste); glass packaging

#### Contaminated packaging

Dispose according to legislation. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## Land transport (ADR/RID)

**14.1. UN number:** UN 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., Hazardous Material: Ethyl acetate

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):314.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:3

3



Special Provisions: 274 601 640D

Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E2
Transport category: 2
Hazard No. 33

Hazard No: 33
Tunnel restriction code: D/E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

**14.1. UN number:** UN 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., Hazardous Material: Ethyl acetate

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):314.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:3



Classification code: F1

Special Provisions: 274 601 640D

Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E2

Marine transport (IMDG)

**14.1. UN number:** UN 1993

**14.2. UN proper shipping name:** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., , Hazardous Material: Ethyl acetate



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14.3. Transport hazard class(es):314.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:3



Marine pollutant:

Special Provisions:

Limited quantity:

Excepted quantity:

E2

EmS:

F-E, S-E

## Other applicable information (marine transport)

Category: A

## Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

**14.1. UN number:** UN1173

14.2. UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., Hazardous Material: Ethyl acetate

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):314.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:3



Special Provisions:

Limited quantity Passenger:

Passenger LQ:

Excepted quantity:

A3

1 L

Y341

Excepted quantity:

E2

IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:353IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:5 LIATA-packing instructions - Cargo:364IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:60 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: no

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### **EU** regulatory information

2010/75/EU (VOC): 98 % (882 g/l) 2004/42/EC (VOC): 98 % (882 g/l)

**Additional information** 

To follow: 850/2004/EC, 79/117/EEC, 689/2008/EC

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juvenils according to the 'juvenile

work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water contaminating class (D): 1 - slightly water contaminating

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.



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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 2.

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route

(European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%

### Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 2; H225	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3; H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	Calculation method

### Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH031	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

# Further Information

**EUH066** 

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)